

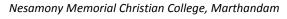
## MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERISTY, TIRUNELVELI-12 SYLLABUS PG - COURSES – AFFILIATED COLLEGES



Course Structure for M. Sc. Zoology (Choice Based Credit System)

(with effect from the academic year 2024-2025 onwards )

Semester-III							
Part	Subject Status	Subject Title	Subject Code	Credit			
III	CORE VII	GENETICS AND EVOLUTION		5			
III	CORE VIII	ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY		5			
III	CORE IX	LAB IN GENETICS & EVOLUTION AND ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY		5			
III	CORE X	MEDICAL LAB TECHNOLOGY		4			
III	ELECTIVE V	APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY		3			
III	SEC - 2	DAIRY FARMING		2			
III	INTERNSHIP	INTERNSHIP /INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY/FIELD VISIT/ RESEARCH– KNOWLEDGE UPDATING ACTIVITY		2			





#### Total Marks: 100 Internal Exam: 25 marks + External Exam: 75 marks

## A. Scheme for internal Assessment:

Maximum marks for written test: 20 marks
3 internal tests, each of I hour duration shall be conducted every semester.
To the average of the best two written examinations must be added the marks scored in. The assignment for 5 marks.

The break up for internal assessment shall be: Written test- 20 marks; Assignment -5 marks Total - 25 marks

#### **B.** Scheme of External Examination

**3 hrs.** examination at the end of the semester

- A Part : 1 mark question two from each unit
- $B-Part:\ 5$  marks question one from each unit
- C Part: 8 marks question one from each unit

## > Conversion of Marks into Grade Points and Letter Grades

S.No	Marks	Letter Grade	Grade point (GP)	Performance
1	90-100	0	10	Outstanding
2	80-89	A+	9	Excellent
3	70-79	А	8	Very Good
4	60-69	B+	7	Good
5	50-59	В	6	Above Average
6	40-49	С	5	Pass
7	0-39	RA	-	Reappear
8	0	AA	-	Absent

## <u>Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)</u>

$$\mathsf{CGPA} = \frac{\Sigma \left(\mathsf{GP} \times \mathsf{C}\right)}{\Sigma \mathsf{C}}$$

- **GP** = Grade point, **C** = Credit
- CGPA is calculated only for Part-III courses
- CGPA for a semester is awarded on cumulative basis

#### > Classification

a) First Class with Distinction	: CGPA $\geq$ 7.5*
b) First Class	: CGPA $\geq 6.0$
c) Second Class	: CGPA $\ge$ 5.0 and $<$ 6.0

d) Third Class : CGPA< 5.0



# **GENETICS AND EVOLUTION**

## **Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of this course are:

- To understand the principles of inheritance, genetic disorders and gene frequency.
- To acquire knowledge in evolutionary mechanisms and origin of higher categories.

## Unit I

## **Mendelian Principles**

Monohybrid cross and law of segregation, modification of 3:1 phenotypic ratio -Codominance, incomplete dominance. Lethality and interaction of genes – Lethality, interactions involving 2 gene pairs, epistatic interactions, interaction involving more than 2 gene pairs, pleiotropy, complementary, supplementary, penetrance and expressivity. Linkage and crossing over-types – mechanism - theories, Genetic and Cytologic Mapping of Chromosomes,Linkage Maps, mapping with molecular markers and mapping using somatic cell hybrids. Polygenic inheritance, heritability and its measurements.

## Unit II

**Human Genetics**: The Chromosomes: Structure, composition and organization, special type of chromosomes, B Chromosomes, karyotypes, Barr bodies. Chromosomal aberrations- Numerical aberrations - Euploidy & Aneuploidy. Structural aberrations, Inversion, Translocation, Deletion, Duplication. Chromosomal Anomalies: Down syndrome, Turner syndrome, Edward Syndrome, Klinefelter Syndrome. Pedigree analysis.Human genome project, Prenatal diagnostics – Amniocentesis, Chorionic Villus sampling. Genetic Counselling- Concepts of Eugenics & Euthenics. Sex linked, sex limited and sex influenced characters.

## Unit III

Theories of organic Evolution - Lamarckism and Darwinism – Mutation Theory, Modern Synthesis. Sources of variation in a population – Population, Gene Pool and Gene Frequency, Variations – sources of variations – Mutations, Transposons, Recombinations, Natural Selection and other Evolutionary forces. Natural Selection, Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium, kinds of natural selection – Stabilizing, Diversifying, Directional Selection, Migration, random Genetic Drift.

## Unit IV

**Molecular evolution**: origin of life, principles of molecular evolution studies Molecular divergence - Molecular tools in phylogeny, molecular clock. Phylogenetic



trees, Multiple sequence alignment, construction of phylogenetic trees, classification identification and interpretation of trees. Phylogenetic and biological concept of species. – Speciation-Adaptive radiation - Isolating mechanisms – Allopatricity and Sympatricity - Convergent evolution - Sexual selection - Altruism and evolution.

## Unit V

## **Origin Of Higher Categories**

Micro evolution, macro evolution, mega evolution and co evolution. Evolution rates, phyletic gradualism and punctuated equilibrium. Geological time scale; Evolution of man-Origin and evolution of man, Unique hominine characteristics contrasted with primate characteristics, primate phylogeny from Dryopithecus leading to Homo sapiens, molecular analysis of human origin.

## **Reading list**

- Gardner, E. J., M. J. Simmons and D.P. Snustad. 2006. Principles of Genetics. 8th Edition, John Wiley & Sons. INC. New York, pp-740.
- 2. Brooker, R. J. 2014. Genetics: Analysis and Principles. 5th Edition, McGraw Hill Publsiher, pp-880.
- 3. Russell, P.J. 2005. Genetics: A Molecular Approach (2nd Edition). Pearson/Benjamin Cummings, San Francisco, pp-850.
- 4. <u>https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec21\_bt02/preview</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.khanacademy.org/science/high-school-biology/hs-molecular-genetics/hs-rna-and-proteinsynthesis/a/the-genetic-code</u>
- 6. Bergstrom, C. T. and L. A. Dugatkin. 2012. Evolution, Second MEDIA Edition. W.W. Norton & Company, International Student Edition, pp-756.
- Jobling, M., E. Hollox, M. Hurles, T. Kivisild and C. T. Tyler Smith. 2014. Human Evolutionary Genetics. Second Edition. Garland Sciences, London, pp-650.
- 8. Veer Bala Rostogi, 2018. Organic Evolution (Evolutionary Biology), Thirteenth Edition Vinoth Kumar Jain, Scientific International (Pvt.) Ltd, New Delhi, pp-590.
- 9. <u>https://www.flipkart.com/books/evolution~contributor/pr?sid=bks</u>
- 10. http://www.evolution-textbook.org/
- 11. https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/15585646
- 12. http://darwin-online.org.uk/

## **Recommended texts**

 Griffiths, A. J. F., H. J. Muller, D. T. Suzuki, R. C. Lewontin and W. M. Gelbart. 2012. An Introduction to Genetic Analysis. 11th Edition, W. H. Greeman. New York.



- 2. Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. 2015. Principles of Genetics, John Wiley Publications, pp-784.
- 3. Klug, W. S. and M. R. Cummings, C. A. Spencer. 2005. Concepts of Genetics, Benjamin - Cummings Publishing Company.
- 4. Harti, D. L. 2002. Essential Genetics, A Genomic Perspective, Jones & Bartlet.
- 5. Krebs, J. E., E.S. Goldstein, S.T. Kilpatrick. 2018. Lewin's Genes XII, Jones & Bartlet Publisher, pp-613.
- 6. Verma, P.S., Agarwal, V.K. 2010. Genetics (9th ed.), S.Chand Publishing, New Delhi.
- 7. Watson, J. D., T. A. Baker S. P. Bell, A. Cann, M. Levine and R. Losick, 2014. Molecular Biology of Gene 7th Edition, Pearson Education RH Ltd. India.
- 8. Strickberger. M. W. 2000. Evolution. Third Edition, Jones Bartlett Publishers, pp-722.
- 9. Hall B. K. and B. Hallgrimsson. 2014. Strickberger's Evolution. Fifth Edition, Bartlett Learning, An Ascend Learning Company, pp-642.
- 10. Sanjib Chattopadhyay. 2008. Evolution, Adaption and Ethology. Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata.

# ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY

## **Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of this course are:

- Students acquire the basic knowledge on physiology of different organs in animals and human.
- Understand the functions of different systems such as digestion, excretion, blood circulatory system, respiration and nervous system of animal relating them to structure and functions of various organs.

## Unit I

**Digestive system:** - Human Digestive Tract & Functions – Digestion – Role of Enzymes in Digestion of Carbohydrates, Protein, Lipids, Absorption – Gastrointestinal Hormone, Intestinal villi. Balanced Diet, Mal Nutrition and BMR. Digestion, absorption, energy balance, BMR.

## Unit II

**Blood and circulation**: Blood corpuscles, hemopoiesis and formed elements, plasma function, blood volume, blood volume regulation, blood groups, haemoglobin, coagglutination, haemostasis. Cardiovascular system: Anatomy of human heart, myogenic heart, Arteries and Veins, ECG – its principle and significance, cardiac cycle, heart as a pump, blood pressure, neural and chemical regulation of heart.



## Unit III

**Respiratory system**: Structure & Function of human lung and the respiratory tract. Respiratory Pigments, transport of gases, exchange of gases, neural and chemical regulation of respiration. Excretory system: Structure of the kidney – Nephron Renal Circulation - Urine formation, Renal disorders – Micturition and Dialysis. Regulation of water and electrolytes Balance, Acid Base Balance.

## Unit IV

**Nervous system**: Neurons, action potential, gross neuro-anatomy of the brain and spinal cord, central and peripheral nervous system, Muscles – classification, Ultra Structure of skeletal muscles. Mechanism of Muscular contraction. Neural control of muscle tone and function. Sense organs: Vision, hearing and tactile response.

## Unit V

**Endocrinology and reproduction**: Structure & Function of Endocrine glands, Basic mechanism of hormone action, Hormones & diseases, Neuro Endocrine regulation of reproduction. Thermoregulation: Comfort zone, body temperature- physical, chemical, neural regulation, acclimatization: Stress and adaptation.

## **Reading list**

- 1. Prosser C. L. 1991, Comparative Animal Physiology. Part A: Environmental and Metabolic Animal Physiology. Wiley-Liss Publishers, pp-592
- 2. Hoar, S.W. 1983, General and Comparative Physiology, Prentice Hall Publication, pp 928.
- 3. Randall, D., W. Burggren, K. Frenchand R. Eckert.2001, Animal Physiology Mechanisms and Adaptations, New York: W.H. Freeman and Co., pp-
- 4. Nelson K. S. 1997. Animal Physiology: Adaptation and Environment, Cambridge University Press, pp- 617.
- 5. <u>https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_bt42/preview</u>
- 6. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-animal-physiology-12894
- 7. https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\_noc20\_hs33/preview
- 8. General and Comparative Physiology William S. Hoar.

## **Recommended texts**

- 1. Shepherd, G. M. 1994. Neurobiology, OUP USA Publisher, pp-774.
- 2. Hainsworth, F.R. 1981. Animal Physiology: Adaptation in function, Addison Wesley Longman Publishers, pp-669.
- 3. Gorden, M.S. et al., 1977. Animal Physiology: Principles and Adaptation, New York, Third Edition.
- 4. Ahearn, G.A. et al., 1988. Advances in Comparative and Environmental



Physiology –2, Springer Publishers, pp-252.

- 5. Hill, R.W. 1976. Comparative Physiology of Animals: Environmental Approach, Longman Higher Education Publisher, pp-656.
- 6. Textbook of Animal Physiology R.Nagabhushanam, M.S Kodarkar and R.Sarojini.
- 7. Gayton, A.C. and Hall, J.E., A Textbook of Medical Physiology, 9thEdn., Harcourt Brace and Company Asia Pvt. Ltd., W.B. Saunders Company.

# Lab course in Genetics, Evolution and Animal Physiology

## **Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of this course are:

• To acquire practical knowledge in the principles of Genetics and Evolution and analyse the physiological processes to translate the theoretical understanding

## GENETICS

- 1. Probability and Chi square testing for Mendel's Laws using color beads
  - a) Law of segregation
  - b) Law of independent assortment
- 2. Demonstration of random genetic drift using beads
- 3. Observation of various genetic traits in human
- 4. Culture of Drosophila Demonstration
- 5. Preparation of buccal smear to show Barr bodies in squamous epithelial cells.

## Charts/Slides/Models

- 1. Down's syndrome, Klinefelter's syndrome
- 2. Turner's syndrome, Edward syndrome
- 3. Drosophila mutants White eye and vestigial wings
- 4. Human Pedigree Chart
- 5. Lac operon
- 6. Sex-linked inheritance: X Linked inheritance, Y- linked inheritance
- 7. Lytic and lysogenic cycles
- 8. Blood groups and Rh factor.

## **EVOLUTION**

- 1. Study of natural selection in Mendelian population using beads. Calculate Gene frequency and genotype frequency
- 2. Study on Evolutionary significances of any five fossils.
- 3. Study of analogy (wings of animals) and homology (Forelimbs and hindlimbs of vertebrates).
- 4. Estimation of gene and genotype frequencies in the light of Hardy-Weinberg Law based on facial traits.
- 5. Adaptive radiation beaks of various birds



6. Prove Hardy Weinberg law using Single and Double-coin tossing method.

## Charts / Models / Slides

- 1. Geographical isolation
- 2. Phylogram, Mimicry and colouration of animals
- 3. Connecting Links Archaeopteryx, Limulus, Peripatus

## ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY

- 1. Detection of haemin crystals in blood
- 2. Rate of salt loss and salt gain in fish
- 3. Effect of temperature on opercular activity of fish
- 4. Qualitative analysis of excretory product in ammonotelic, ureotelic, and uricotelic animals.
- 5. Determination of the salivary amylase activity in relation to temperature.
- 6. Preparation of human blood smear
- 7. Separation of uric acid crystals from excreta of reptiles / birds.

## Charts/Slides/Models/Instrument

1. EEG, ECG, Cardiac muscle, Kymograph, Sphygmomanometer, Pituitary, thyroid, testis and ovary, adrenal, kidney, microvilli

# MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNIQUES

## **Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of this course are:

• Students should understand the different protocols and procedures to collect clinical samples and to learn lab technologies.

## Unit I

Scope of medical laboratory technology. Laboratory principles-organisation of clinical Role of medical laboratory technician. Laboratory safety - toxic chemicals and biohazards waste- biosafety level- good laboratory practice -safety measures-cleaning and sterilisation methods, hospital and clinic borne infection and personnel hygiene and health issue.

## Unit II

Composition of blood and their function- haemopoiesis- types of anaemia- mechanism of blood coagulation- bleeding time- clotting time- determination of hemoglobinerythrocyte sedimentations rate- packed cell volume- Total count of RBC & WBC-Differential count WBC- blood grouping and typing- haemostasis- bleeding disorder of man – Haemolytic disease of newborn, Platelet count, reticulocytes count, Absolute Eosinophil count. Blood banking technology, collection and storage.

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## Unit III

Definition and scope of microbiology- parasites - Entamoeba- Plasmodium-Leishmania and Trypanosome.Computer tomography (CT scan) - Magnetic Resonance imaging - flowcytometry - treadmill test - PET. physiology effect of alcohol, tobacco, smoking & junk food & its treatment - biomedical waste management.

## Unit IV

Cardiovascular system- Blood pressure - Pulse - regulation of heart rate, cardiac shock. Heart sounds, Electrocardiogram (ECG) - significance - ultra sonography-Electroencephalography (EEG). Techniques of sample processing; Throat swab, sputum, blood, urine, stool, pus, CSF, other body fluids.

## Unit V

Handling and labelling of histology specimens - Tissue processing - processing of histological tissues for paraffin embedding, block preparation. Microtomes – types of microtome- sectioning, staining - staining methods - vital staining - mounting-problems encountered during section cutting and remedies - Frozen section techniques- freezing microtome.

## **Reading list**

- 1. Godker, P. B. and Darshan, P, Godker, 2011. Text book of medical Laboratory Technology, Mumbai.
- 2. Guyton and Hall, 2000. Text Book of medical Physiology, 10th edition, Elseiner, New Delhi.
- 3. Mukerjee, K.L, 1999. Medical Laboratory Technology- Vol,I,II,III. Tata MC GrawHill, New Delhi.
- 4. Sood, R, 2009. Medical Laboratory technology, Methods and interpretation.

## **Recommended texts**

- 1. Manoharan, A, and Sethuraman, 2003. Essential of Clinical Heamatology, Jeypee brothers, New Delhi.
- 2. Richard, A, McPherson, Mathew, R, Pincus, 2007. Clinical and management by laboratory methods, Elsevier, Philadelphia.Published by Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.,
- 3. Ochei. J., A. Kolhatkar (2000). Medical Laboratory science: Theory and practice, Published by Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, First edition.



# **APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY**

## **Course Objectives:**

The main objectives of this course are:

- Enable the students to understand the classification and physiology of microbes
- Provide advanced knowledge, understanding and application of various fields of microbiology

## Unit I

History and scope of Microbiology - Theory of spontaneous generation – Germ theory of diseases - Koch's postulates - Microbial interactions - Whittaker's five kingdom approach – Carl Woese's three domains concept - Microbes and their types, Viruses, Bacteria, fungi and protozoans – Morphology and classification. Abnormal forms of bacteria, archaebacteria, Mycoplasma and PPLO, Recent trends in microbial taxonomy.

## Unit II

Microbial Physiology: Nutritional Requirements and nutritional types of Microbes--Nutrient transport mechanisms- Passive diffusion, Facilitated diffusion, Active transport, Group translocation and Specific transport system; Types of culture media-Selective, enrichment and differential media. Microbiological techniques: Microbiological Media- Types and composition of media -Sterilization techniques -Methods of pure culture technique- Staining methods – Simple, Differential and Special staining.

## Unit III

## Food Microbiology

Normal microbial flora of common food – food infection – food poisoning – food preservation – microbiology of milk and milk products – Bakery products – Detection of food borne pathogens – food sanitation – food control agencies – food spoilage – ISI and BIS regulations for packaged drinking water.

## Unit IV

Industrial Applications of Microbial Enzymes – Bioreactors and Types –Biopolymers – Biosurfactants –Biofertilizers, Bioleaching of metals-Biodegradation using microbial communities-Xenobiotics and Heavy metals degradation in water and soil – Sewage sludge treatment and utilization; Bioconversion of cellulosic wastes into protein and fuel.

## Unit V

Microbial diseases - Causative agents, Mode of transmission, Symptoms, Prevention



& Control - Protozoan diseases: Plasmodium, Entamoeba. Fungal diseases: Mycosis - Mycotoxicosis. Bacterial diseases: Tuberculosis (TB) –Typhoid - Viral diseases: Chicken pox, Hepatitis B, AIDS, Corona and Dengue.

## **Reading list**

- 1. Dubey RC and Maheswari DK (2012). A Text of Microbiology (Revised edition). S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. PelczarTR M J Chan ECS and Kreig N R (2006). Microbiology. Fifth edition, Tata McGraw-Hill INC. New York.
- 3. GeetaSumbali and Mehrotra RS (2009). Principles of Microbiology. First edition, Tata McGraw Hill P. Ltd., New Delhi.

## **Recommended texts**

- 1. Prescott L M, J P Harley and DA Klein (2005). Microbiology. Sixth edition, international edition, McGraw Hill.
- Stanier R, Ingraham J, Wheelis M and Painter P (2014) General Microbiology. 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Macmillan Press.
- 3. Kathleen Park Talaro and Barry Chess Foundations in Microbiology10th Edition. 2018. Mc Graw Hill Education Publishers, USA.
- Gerard J. Tortora, Berdell R. Funke, Christine L. Case, Microbiology: An Introduction, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition (2017) Pearson publishers, USA

## **DAIRY FARMING**

## **Course Objectives:**

• To create awareness on economic importance of Dairy farming.

## Unit I

Introduction to Dairy Farming- Advantages of dairying- Classification of breeds of cattle- Indigenous and exotic breeds- Selection of dairy cattle. Breeding-artificial insemination- Dairy cattle management-General Anatomy.

## Unit II

Construction of Model Dairy House - Types of Housing - Different Managemental Parameters - Winter Management - Summer Management - Cleaning & Sanitation

## Unit III

Feedstuffs available for livestock- Roughages -Concentrates - Energy rich concentrates - Protein rich concentrates - Mineral Supplements - Vitamin Supplements - Feed additives - Feeding management - Calves Feeding - Feeding of adults - Feeding of pregnant dairy animals - Feeding pregnant heifer.



## Unit IV

Milk-Composition of milk-milk spoilage-pasteurization - Role of milk and milk products in human nutrition – Dairying as a source of additional income and employment.

## Unit V

Contagious disease - Common Bacterial - Protozoal - Helminth and Viral Diseases - Parasitic Infestation –Deworming, Dehorning, Vaccination - Biosecurity.

## **Reading list**

- 1. The Veterinary Books for Dairy Farmers by Roger W. Blowey.
- 2. Hand Book of Dairy Farming by Board Eiri.
- 3. Handbook of animal husbandry TATA, S.N ed., ICAR 1990
- 4. Prabakaran, R. 1998. Commercial Chicken production. Published by P. Saranya, Chennai.
- 5. Hafez, E. S. E., 1962. Reproduction in Farm Animals, Lea & amp; Fabiger Publisher.

## **Recommended texts**

- 1. <u>https://agritech.tnau.ac.in/farm\_enterprises/Farm%20enterprises\_%20Dairy%2</u> <u>Ounit.html</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22Tata,+S.N.,</u> +ed%22
- 3. 15.James. N. Marner, 1975. Principles of dairy processing, wiley eastern limited, New Delhi.
- 4. Baradach, JE. Ryther. JH. and, MC larney WO., 1972. Aquaculture. The farming and Husbandry of Freshwater and Marine Organisms. Wiley InterScience, NewYork.

