SYLLABUS

MANONMANIAM SUNDARANAR UNIVERISTY, TIRUNELVELI-12

PG - COURSES - AFFILIATED COLLEGES

Course Structure for

M.A. History

(Choice Based Credit System)
(With effect from the academic year 2017-2018 onwards)

Semester-IV				
Part	Subject Status	Subject Title	Subject Code	Credit
	Core – 13	History of India since 1947A.D	PHYM41	4
	Core – 14	History of USA 1865-1945 AD	PHYM41	4
	Core – 15	History of China 1839-1964 AD	PHYM43	4
	Core – 16	History of Political Thought.	PHYM44	4
	Core - 17	Project	PHYP41	8

HISTORY OF INDIA SINCE 1947 AD

The study discusses about the importance of world peace, India's relations with other countries, the development made in various fields and about the true heroes of our nation

The study enables to know why world peace is important for the development of any country and how diverse and complex was India's socio-economic and political development.

UNIT: I

Post Independent India

Integration of Princely States: Kashmir, Hyderabad and Junagadh – Role of Vallabhai Patel – Re Organization of states – General Elections - Party System.

UNIT: II

India's Foreign Policy

India's Foreign Policy: Its Basic Concepts – Panchasheela and Non Alignment – India and its Neighbours: Indo- Pak Relations, Indo- Sri Lankan Relations, Indo – Bangladesh Relations and Indo – China Relations. India and the UNO, Common wealth, SAARC, NAM, Indo - US and Indo – Russian Relations – India and



Disarmament.

UNIT: III

Development of Economy and Education

Economic Development: Planning in India – Five year Plans– NITI Aayog – Welfare Programs of the Government – IRDP, Jawahar Rozgar Yojana, etc – Growth of Education: Radhakrishnan Commission – A.L Mudaliar Commission – Kothari Commission – Acharya Ramamurthi Commission – etc., National Literacy Mission – New Educational Policy (1986) – Navodaya Schools and Kendriya Vidyalayas.

UNIT: IV

Development of Science and Technology

Development of Science and Technology: Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) and its Programs – Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO) and its Programs – Defence Research and development Organisation (DRDO) and its Programs – Missile Technology and its development – Bio Technology – Green, White and Blue Revolutions. Development of Communications – Railways, Roadways, Airways.

UNIT: V

Makers of Modern India

Makers of Contemporary India: Nehru, Patel, Indira Gandhi, CV Raman, Radhakrishnan, Visveswarayya, H.J. Bhaba, Vikram Sarabhai, H.N. Sethna, Shanthi Swarup Bhatnagar, B.C. Roy, M.S. Swaminathan, Vargheese Kurian and A.P.J. Abdul Kalam.

- 1. Appadorai A. Select Documents on India's Foreign policy and Relations 1947-1972, Vol-I, Oxford University Press, Delhi 1982.
- 2. Bipan Chandra India after Independence 1947-2000, Penquin Books ,India 2000.
- 3. Grover B.L A New Look at Modern Indian History, S.Chand and Company Ltd, 2004.
- 4. Keswani K.B. -History of Modern India 1819 1964, Himalaya Publishing house, Bombay I edition, 1990
- 5. Pail R. Brass The Politics of India Since Independence, II Edi, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- 6. Percival Spear The Oxford History of Modern India 1740-1975. II Edition, Oxford University press, Delhi 1992.



HISTORY OF USA, 1865 – 1945 A.D.

The subject covers the civil war of America, its participation in both world wars and the resurgence of U.S.A as a world power.

The study enables to acquaint the basic concepts of political life in U.S.A, the great experiments in federal democracy and the world wide significance of U.S.A.

UNIT: I

Civil War:

Civil War – Causes, Course, Results, Significance. Abraham Lincoln – Post Civil War Reconstruction - Agricultural Expansion – Rise of Big business – Labour movements.

UNIT: II

Growth of Imperialism

Growth of Imperialism – Sherman Anti – Trust Act of 1890 - Spanish American War – Annexation of Hawai - Philippines and Caribbean – Pacific problems.

UNIT: III

Rise of Progressivism

Rise of progressivism – Theodore Roosevelt - Square Deal – Domestic policy – Big Stick Diplomacy – Taft and Dollar Diplomacy.

UNIT: IV

America and the First World War:

Role of America in the First World War – Woodro Wilson – His Fourteen points – Great Depression and its effects – Hoover administration.

UNIT: V

America as World Power:

Franklin D. Roosevelt – New Deal – America and the Second World War – War time Conferences – Establishment of UNO – Resurgence of USA as World

- 1. Rajayyan.K, A History of United States, Ratna Publications Madurai, 2000.
- 2. Subramanian. N. A History of USA, Ennes Publications, Madurai
- 3. Hill.C.P. A history of United states, Arnold Honimann publishers, New Delhi, 1976.
- 4. John.A. Krout United States Since 1865, Barners and Noble publishers, New York 1966.
- 5. Marshal Smelser, American History at a Glance, Barners and Noble, New York, 1966.
- 6. Sharma Mahmood, The History of United States, Pearson Publications, Delhi, 2012.



HISTORY OF CHINA 1839-1964.AD

The study discusses how the western powers forcefully pierced through the thick curtain which China had drawn for centuries, the China's acceptance of exploitation of western powers for decades and its heights after the exploitation.

The study enables to understand the isolated life of China till the beginning of 20thcentury and how China dominated those nations which were trying to dominate it till yesterday.

UNIT: I

Historical Background

Ch'in Dynasty to Ming Dynasty, Manchu Dynasty- China in the first half of the 19th century. Opening of China: Advent of Europeans-Canton trade-Political organisation-Religion and Philosophy Confucianism - Taoism- Buddhism.

UNIT: II

Western Influence on China

China's relations with Europe- First Opium War 1839-42-Causes, Results, Significance -Taiping Rebellion(1850)- Causes, Results and Impact: Second Opium War 1856-58 Causes- Results and Impact- Hundred days of reforms (1893)- Sino-Japanese conflict (1894-95)- Consequences

UNIT: III

Revolution of China and aftermath:

The Revolution of 1911-Causes, Course and Results-Dr. Sun-Yat-Sen-Dawn of Chinese Republic- Causes for the Downfall of Manchu Dynasty- Yuan- Shei- Kai-China and the first World War- May Fourth Movement-Washington Conference.

UNIT: IV

Kuo-Min-Tang Communist struggle:

Rise and fall of Kuo-Min- Tang, Chiang- Kai- Sheik- Formation of the Communist Party- Second Sino- Japanese War(1937-45)- China and the Second World War- Mao- Tse- Tung- Establishment of the People's Republic of China.

UNIT: V

China since 1949:

Achievements of the Communist Party after 1949- Cultural Revolution-China's Foreign Policy- Relations with Russia , America, Tibet and India.

- 1. Ahmed L.L A Comprehensive History of the Far East, S. Chand & co Ltd 1981
- 2. David .M.D - Rise and Growth of Modern China Himalaya Publishing



- House,1986
- 3. Harold .M. Vinacke History of the Far East in Modern times, Kalyani Publications New Delhi , 1982
- 4. Paul N. Clayde Burton. F. Beers -The Far East Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd, New Delhi 1985
- 5. Rao B.V History of Asia from Early Times to 2000A.D, Sterling Publishers Pvt Ltd,2000

HISTORY OF POLITICAL THOUGHT

The syllabus covers the various philosophies and viewpoints of political thinkers from the ancient Greek to Modern.

The study enables to know about the principle concepts of political thinkers who formulated their concepts for the benefit and betterment of the people.

UNIT: I

Nature of Political Thought

Origin of State – Concept-Functions- Sovereignty in the state – Code of conduct of the state – Theory of Divine Origin of State.

UNIT: II

Greek and Roman Political Thought:

Socrates – His teachings – Plato – His political ideas –Aristotle – Father of political Science - Roman Political Thought - Contribution of Romans to European Political Thought.

UNIT: III

Medieval Political Thought:

Influence of Christianity on the growth of Political Thought- Political Ideas of St. Augustine – St. Ambrose _ His Political Philosophy_ Medieval Secularism.

UNIT: IV

Modern Political Thought:

Machiavelli – Writings – Political views about state – Father of Modern Political Thought . Thomas Hobbes – Views about Sovereignty – Secularism , Natural Rights – Liberty and law – Hobbes Political Philosophy – Importance . John Locke – Theory of Separation of powers – Natural Rights and Natural laws. Montesquieu – Views on laws , Forms of Government.

UNIT: V

Indian Political Thought:

Gandhi__His Contributition_ Ram Mohan Roy – Social Liberalism – Vivekananda – His Polital Thought – Sri – Aurobindo – Political Philosophy – M.N.Roy – Communist thought – Ram Manohar Lohia – Socialist thought.

- 1. Mukhi.H.R -History of Eastern Political Thought, Plato to Present Day 10th Edition, Surjeet Book Depot Publishers, Delhi 1998
- 2. G.Sreedathab Western Political Thought and Theories, Deep Publications Pvt, Ltd, New Delhi, 2006
- 3. Das H.H and Pastro P.S.N Indian Political Traditions Sterling Publishers Private Ltd 1988
- 4. K.N Sharma Modern Political Analysis Malhotra Book Depo, Jullunder, 1980.
- 5. Roy B.N Political Theory, Authors Press 2006
- 6. Venkata Rao.V A History of Political theories ,S. Chand and Company Ltd. New Delhi 1983.

