

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 6378

Sub. Code : ZMAM 32

M.Sc. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Third Semester

Mathematics

GRAPH THEORY

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

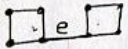
Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — ($10 \times 1 = 10$ marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The number of edges in $K_{4,5}$ is
(a) 9 (b) 20
(c) 1 (d) 45
2. Consider the graph G :  In $G - e$, the number of vertices is
(a) 2 (b) 9
(c) 6 (d) 8

3. If G is a tree with 16 edges then the number of vertices of G is

(a) 17
(b) 15
(c) 0
(d) any number between 1 and 16

4. Which one of the following is nit true?

It e is link of G then

(a) $\gamma(G \cdot e) = \gamma(G) - 1$
(b) $\varepsilon(G \cdot e) = \varepsilon(G) - 1$
(c) $\omega(G \cdot e) = \omega(G) - 1$
(d) $G \cdot e$ is a tree is G is a tree

5. In the Konigsberg bridge problem, the number of bridge is

(a) 5 (b) 7
(c) 9 (d) 11

6. In $C_{2,5}$, the number of edges is

(a) 7 (b) 10
(c) 3 (d) 5

Page 2

Code No. : 6378



7. For a graph G with 12 vertices, if $\alpha = 3$ then β is

- (a) 15 (b) 36
(c) 9 (d) 3

8. The value of $r(3,3)$ is

- (a) 6 (b) 9
(c) 0 (d) 3

9. If G is 5-critical then

- (a) $\delta = 5$ (b) $\delta \geq 4$
(c) $\delta \geq 5$ (d) $\delta \leq 4$

10. There are only _____ types of graph G for which $\chi = \Delta + 1$?

- (a) 2 (b) 3
(c) 4 (d) 5

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Explain the following with suitable examples

- (i) Simple graph
(ii) Spanning subgraph

Page 3

Code No. : 6378

(iii) Walk

(iv) Path

(v) Cycle.

Or

(b) Prove that $\sum_{v \in V} d(v) = 2\varepsilon$ and hence show the number of vertices of odd degree is even in any graph.

12. (a) If G is a tree, prove that $\varepsilon = \gamma - 1$.

Or

(b) Prove that a vertex v of a tree G is a cut vertex of G if and only if $d(v) > 1$.

13. (a) Prove that $C(G)$ is well defined.

Or

(b) Define a maximum matching and a minimum covering. Let M be a matching k and be a covering such that $|M| = |K|$, then prove that M is a maximum making and K is a minimum covering.

Page 4

Code No. : 6378

[P.T.O.]



14. (a) If $\delta > 0$, prove that $\alpha' + \beta' = \gamma$.

Or

- (b) Prove that $r(k, l) \leq \binom{k+l-2}{k-1}$.

15. (a) If G is k -critical, prove that $\delta \geq k - f$.

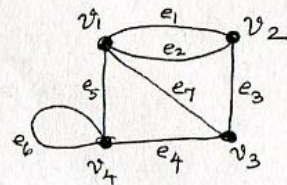
Or

- (b) For any graph G , prove that $\prod_k(G)$ is a polynomial in k of degree r , with integer coefficients, leading term k^r and constant term zero and the coefficients of $\prod_k(G)$ alternative in sign.

PART C — ($5 \times 8 = 40$ marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Define the incidence and adjacency matrices of a graph. Find the two matrices for the following graph.



Or

- (b) Obtain a necessary and sufficient condition for graph to be bipartite.

Page 5

Code No. : 6378

17. (a) Define a cut edge with an example. Prove that an edge e of G is a cut edge of G if and only if e is contained in no cycle of G .

Or

- (b) State and prove Whitney's theorem for 2-connected graphs.

18. (a) Let G be a simple graph with degree sequence (d_1, d_2, \dots, d_r) when $d_1 \leq d_2 \leq \dots \leq d_r$ and $r \geq 3$. Suppose that there is no value of m less than $r/2$ for which $d_m \leq m$ and $d_{r-m} < r - m$. Prove that G is Hamiltonian.

Or

- (b) Prove that a matching M in G is a maximum matching if and only if G contains no M -augmenting path.

19. (a) If G is simple, prove either $\chi' = \Delta\theta\chi' = \Delta + 1$.

Or

- (b) Prove that $r(k, k) \geq 2^{k/2}$.

20. (a) For any positive integer k , prove that there exists a k -chromatic graph containing no triangle.

Or

- (b) State and prove Brook's theorem.

Page 6

Code No. : 6378

