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Reg. No. :

Code No. : 20652 E Sub. Code : EMMA 11

B.Sc. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2023.

First Semester

Mathematics — Core

ALGEBRA AND TRIGONOMETRY

(For those who joined in July 2023 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. One root of $x^4 - 3x + 1 = 0$ lies between ————
- (a) 2 and 3
(b) 2 and 2.5
(c) 2.5 and 3
(d) 1 and 2

2. If $f(x) = 0$ is a reciprocal equation of first type and odd degree, then ———— is a factor of $f(x)$.

- (a) $x + 1$ (b) $(x - 1)$
(c) $x^2 - 1$ (d) $x^2 + 1$

3. The value of e is ————

- (a) 2.718 (b) 2.738
(c) 2.371 (d) 2.387

4. The coefficient of x^n in the expansion of $(2 - 4x)(1 - 2x)^{-2}$ is ———— if $|x| < \frac{1}{2}$

- (a) 2^n (b) 2^{n+1}
(c) 2^{2n} (d) 2^{2n+1}

5. $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & c \\ b & d \end{pmatrix}$ and $|A| \neq 0$ then $A^{-1} =$ ————

- (a) $\frac{1}{|A|} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$ (b) $\frac{1}{|A|} \begin{pmatrix} -d & b \\ c & -a \end{pmatrix}$
(c) $\frac{1}{|A|} \begin{pmatrix} d & -c \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix}$ (d) $\frac{1}{|A|} \begin{pmatrix} -d & b \\ c & -a \end{pmatrix}$



6. The characteristic polynomial of I_2 is —————

- (a) $x^2 + 2x + 1$
- (b) $x^2 - 2x + 1$
- (c) $x^2 - x - 1$
- (d) $x^2 + x + 1$

7. If $x = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$, then $x^n - \frac{1}{x^n} =$ —————

- (a) $2 \cos \theta$
- (b) $2i \sin \theta$
- (c) $2i \sin n\theta$
- (d) $2 \cos n\theta$

8. 1 degree = ————— minutes.

- (a) 60
- (b) 30
- (c) 45
- (d) 90

9. The value of $\cosh\left(\frac{i\pi}{2}\right)$ is —————

- (a) 1
- (b) 0
- (c) -1
- (d) $-i$

10. The value of $\log i$ is —————

- (a) $i\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (b) $i\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 2n\pi\right)$
- (c) $i(4n-1)\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (d) $\frac{\pi}{2}$

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) Solve $4x^4 - 20x^3 + 33x^2 - 20x + 4 = 0$.

Or

(b) Increase the roots of the equation $4x^5 - 2x^3 + 7x - 3 = 0$ by 2.

12. (a) Find the coefficient of x^n in the expansion of $(1+x)e^{(1+x)}$ in ascending powers of x .

Or

(b) Prove that

$$\log 2 - \frac{(\log 2)^2}{2!} + \frac{(\log 2)^3}{3!} - \dots = \frac{1}{2}$$



13. (a) Show that the non-singular matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ satisfies the equation}$$

$$A^2 - 2A - 5I = 0. \text{ Hence evaluate } A^{-1}.$$

Or

- (b) Find the characteristic roots of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

14. (a) Prove that

$$2^5 \cos^6 \theta = \cos 6\theta + 6 \cos 4\theta + 15 \cos 2\theta + 10$$

Or

- (b) Expand $\sin 7\theta$ in powers of $\cos \theta$ and $\sin \theta$.

15. (a) Prove that $\frac{1 + \tanh x}{1 - \tanh x} = \cosh 2x + \sinh 2x$.

Or

- (b) If $i^{a+ib} = a + ib$, then prove that $a^2 + b^2 = e^{-b(4n+1)\pi}$.

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PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) Solve $6x^5 + 11x^4 - 33x^3 - 33x^2 + 11x + 6 = 0$.

Or

- (b) Find the positive root of $x^3 - 3x + 1 = 0$ correct to three places of decimals.

17. (a) Show that the coefficient of x^n in the expansion of e^{ex} is $\frac{1}{n!} \left(\frac{1^n}{1!} + \frac{2^n}{2!} + \frac{3^n}{3!} + \dots \right)$ also show that

$$(i) \quad \frac{1^3}{1!} + \frac{2^3}{2!} + \dots = 5e$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{1^4}{1!} + \frac{2^4}{2!} + \frac{3^4}{3!} + \dots = 15e$$

Or

- (b) Prove that $s = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{5n+1}{(2n+1)!} = \frac{e}{2} + \frac{2}{e}$.

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18. (a) Using Cayley-Hamilton theorem, find the

inverse of a matrix, $\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 2 & -2 \\ -6 & -1 & 2 \\ 6 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Or

- (b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of

the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

19. (a) Prove that

$$\cos 8\theta = 128 \cos^8 \theta - 256 \cos^6 \theta + 160 \cos^4 \theta - 32 \cos^2 \theta + 1$$

Or

- (b) Prove that

$$\cos 5\theta = 16 \cos^5 \theta - 20 \cos^3 \theta + 5 \cos \theta$$

$$\sin 5\theta = 5 \sin \theta - 20 \sin^3 \theta + 16 \sin^5 \theta$$

20. (a) Prove that $u = \log_e \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\theta}{2} \right)$ iff

$$\cosh u = \sec \theta.$$

Or

- (b) If $\cos(x + iy) = r(\cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha)$, prove that

$$y = \frac{1}{2} \log \left[\frac{\sin(x - \alpha)}{\sin(x + \alpha)} \right].$$

