(6 pages)	2. Synthetic seeds are produced by the encapsulati
Reg. No. :	2. Synthetic seeds are produced by the encapsulate of somatic embryos with
C 1 N THE C 1 SPON IS	(a) Sodium acetate (b) Sodium nitrate
Code No.: 5440 Sub. Code: ZBOM 43	(c) Sodium chloride (d) Sodium alginate
M.Sc. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2023.	3. Which of the following vectors is used in croimprovement and crop management?
Fourth Semester	(a) Agrobacterium (b) Plasmid
Botany – Core	(c) Cosmid (d) Phasmid
APPLIED BIOTECHNOLOGY	4. Amplification of specific region can be done using primers for specific regions. If the Po
(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)	product is and is in sufficient
Time: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks	quantity, then sequence can be determine
PART A — $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$	(a) non-specific, directly
Answer ALL questions.	(b) non-specific, indirectly or directly (c) specific, directly
Choose the correct answer:	(d) specific, indirectly
1. The formation of embryoids from the pollen grains in the tissue culture medium is due to	5. Golden rice is a promising transgenic crop. Where leased for cultivation, it will help in
	(a) Alleviation of vitamin A deficiency
(a) Organogenesis	(b) Pest resistance
(b) Test tube culture	(c) Herbicide tolerance
(c) Double fertilization	(d) Producing a petrol-like fuel from rice

Cellular totipotency

Code No.: 5440

Page 2

6.		ich of the following gene detoxifies herbicide sphinothricin?		
	(a)	Nitrilase		
	(b)	Glutathione S-transferase (GST)		
	(c)	Phosphinothricin acetyl transferase		
	(d)	All of these		
7.	Which of the following is the most common bacteria used for bioleaching?			
	(a)	Spirillum (b) Coccus		
	(c)	Bacillus (d) Streptococcus		
8.		Which of the following is a disadvantage of an immobilized enzyme?		
	(a)	Immobilization process allows continuous process		
	(b)	Immobilization mean additional cost		
	(c)	Increase productivity		
	(d)	Immobilization prevents loss of activity		
9.	Bior	Biomass is useful to produce		
	(a)	Chemicals		
	(b)	Fibres		
	(c)	Biochemicals		
	(d)	Transportation fuels		

Page 3

Code No.: 5440

- 10. What is the clinical application of monoclonal antibodies?
 - Biosensors (a)
 - Transplant rejection
 - Infectious disease
 - Purification of drugs

PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Demonstrate the suspension culture.

Or

- Experiment with production of secondary metabolites.
- (a) Describe Ri plasmids. 12.

Or

- Explain transposons as vectors.
- Discuss transgenic traits in golden rice. 13.

Or

Describe transgenic traits in Flavr Savr.

Page 4 Code No.: 5440

[P.T.O]

14. (a) Examine biodegradation.

Or

- (b) Write notes on the biosensors.
- 15. (a) Elaborate the methods of gene therapy.

Or

(b) How to develop the antibodies?

PART C — $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe the application of plant tissue culture in crop improvement.

Or

- (b) Determine the identification and uses of haploids.
- 17. (a) Explain amplification of gene by PCR.

Or

(b) Examine the 355 promoters of CaMV.

Page 5 Code No. : 5440

18. (a) Outline the herbicide resistant transgenic plants.

Or

- (b) Experiment with virus resistant transgenic plants.
- 19. (a) Describe in situ type of bioremediation.

Or

- (b) Evaluate the large scale production of fungal enzymes.
- 20. (a) Explain the production of monoclonal antibodies and its applications.

Or

b) Discuss production of vaccines.

Page 6 Code No.: 5440