(6 pages)	Reg. No.:	2.		ich of these flip – flops cannot be used to struct a serial shift register?
Code No.: 7056	Sub. Code: ZCAM 12		(a)	$D-flip\ flop$ (b) $SR\ flip-flop$
M.C.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022 First Semester		3.	ove	T flip – flop (d) JK flip – flop  main advantage of multiple bus organisation r a single bus is  Poduction in the number of cycles for
Computer Application – Core COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE			(a) (b)	Reduction in the number of cycles for execution  Increase in size of the registers
(For those who jo	oined in July 2021 onwards) Maximum : 75 marks		(c) (d)	Better Connectivity All the above
PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)  Answer ALL the questions.  Choose the correct answer:  1. What kind of operation occurs in a J - K flip flop when both inputs J and K are equal to 1?		4.	assembly language into machine instructions.	
			(a) (b) (c)	Machine compiler Interpreter Assembler
(a) Preset oper		5.	(d)	Converter addressing mode, where you directly specify
(b) Reset operation		Э.		operand value is
(c) Clear operation			(a)	Immediate (b) Direct
(d) Toggle oper	eation		(c)	Definite (d) Relative

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6.		Which of the following processor has a fixed length of instructions?					
m 944 3800	(a)	CISC	(b)	RISC			
	(c)	EPIC	(d)	Multi-core			
7.	The 1's complement of 1 in 4 bits is						
	(a)	0001	(b)	0			
	(c)	1001	(d)	1110			
8.		12 CONT. 12		can transmit data in ansmits in only one			
	(a)	simplex	(b)	half duplex			
	(c)	full duplex	(d)	half-simplex			
9.		Which of the following is the fastest means of memory access for CPU?					
	(a)	Registers	(b)	Cache			
	(c)	Main memory	(d)	Virtual Memory			
10.		ch of the folloress bus?	owing is	independent of the			
	(a)	-Secondary me	mory				
	(b)	(b) Main memory					
	(c)	c) Onboard memory					
	(d)	Cache memory	,				
		1	Page 3	Code No. : 7056			

PART B —  $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Derive the truth table for the following function: F = x + y z'.

Or

- (b) Write brief notes on Counters.
- 12. (a) What is Register Transfer? Give Example.

Or

- (b) Explain the various functions in an Instruction cycle.
- 13. (a) Mention the address sequencing capabilities required in a control memory of a Microprogrammed Control Unit.

Or

- (b) Write about Data Transfer Instruction's names and the Mnemonics and its use.
- 14. (a) How will you perform the Addition and Subtraction with Signed-2's Complement Data?

Or

(b) Write about the strobe control method of asynchronous data transfer.

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[P.T.O.]

15. (a) Write about the RAM chip and its function table.

Or

(b) Write brief notes on Time-shared common bus.

PART C —  $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Illustrate the design procedure for a Combinational circuit with block diagram.

Or

- (b) What are shift registers? Explain the four basic types of shift registers.
- 17. (a) Explain in detail about Memory transfers.

Or

- (b) Illustrate the Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit with diagram.
- 18. (a) Specify the steps for executing a single computer instruction in a Microprogrammed Control Unit.

Or

(b) Describe Stack Organization and Register Stack with diagram.

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19. (a) Illustrate the hardware for multiplication operation with block diagram.

Or

- (b) Illustrate the connection of IO bus with IO devices with block diagram.
- 20. (a) Illustrate the memory hierarchy in a computer system with block diagram.

Or

(b) Describe the important characteristics of Multiprocessors.

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