Reg. No	PART – B	
Code No.8558 Sub.Code: HZOM21	Answer ALL the questions choosing either (a) or (b):	(5 X 5 =
M.Sc.(CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,	$11.\ a)$ Bring out the differences between gram positive and gram negative bacteria.	
APRIL 2013	(OR)	
SECOND SEMESTER	b)Characterize the nucleoid with respect to its function.	
ZOOLOGY	12. a) Explain a defined medium.	
MICROBIOLOGY	(OR)	
(For those who joined in July 2012 onwards )	b) Describe the pour plate technique.	
Fime: 3 Hours Max. Marks;75	13. a) Explain how pasteurization is carried out ?	
	(OR)	
PART A - ( 10 x 1 = 10 Marks)	b) Describe the major approaches used in food preservation.	
Answer ALL the questions:	14. a) Mention the symptoms of botulism.	
1. The five kingdom concept was put forth by	(OR)	
(a) Ernst H.Haeckel (b) Robert H.Whittaker (c) Anton van Leeuwenhoek (d) Louis Pasteur	b) Comment on the problem of Chikungunya.	1
2. Plasmids are	15. a) How is bioleaching carried out and what microbial genera are involved?	
(a) Recombinant DNA (b) Bacterial genome (c) Chromosome (d) Extrachromosomal genetic	(OR)	
elements	b) Comment on the use of bacteria as bioinsecticide.	
B. The stationary phase of bacterial growth is attained at a population level of around		
(a) 10° cells per ml (b) 20° cells per ml (c) 30° cells per ml (d) 40° cells per ml	PART – C	
4. The metabolic pathway which oxidizes Acetyl-CoA to CO <sub>2</sub> is	Answer ALL the questions choosing either (a) or (b):	(EVO.
(a) EMP (b) TCA cycle (c) ED Pathway (d) HMP	16. a) With a labelled diagram describe the ultrastucture of a bacterial cell.	(5 X 8 = 4
5. The science of wine production is	(OR)	
	b) Describe the mechanism of gram staining.	
	17. a) Describe the four phases of the microbial growth curve in a closed system and ad	
6. The method of electromagnetic radiation used in food preservation is	the factors affecting microbial growth.	
(a) Pasteurization (b) Canning (c) Radappertization (d) Polymerase Chain Reaction	(OR)	
7. Which one of the following diseases is transmitted to humans by direct contact or soil	b) Summarize the major features of the Entner – Doudoroff pathway and explain how it serves	
contamination	as a substitute for glycolysis in some bacteria.	
(a) Malaria (b) Filaria (c) Anthrax (d) Mumps	18. a) What are the major types of milk fermentations? Explain in detail.	
B. Which one of the following is a zoonotic diseases .	(OR)	
(a) Cholera (b) Typhoid (c) Amoebiasis (d) Rabies	b) Describe the technique of commercial production of Penicillin.	
9. The major gas produced in biogas technology is	19. a) What are air borne diseases? Discuss the problem of any two air borne bacterial dis	
(a) NH <sub>3</sub> (b) H <sub>2</sub> S (c) CO (d) CH <sub>4</sub>	(OR)	seases.
10. The biologically mediated process used to remove or degrade pollutants from specific	b) Explain the epidemiological aspects of any two sexually transmitted diseases.	
environments is	20. a) Describe the technique of methane production.	
(a) Bioremediation (b) Biomagnification (c) Cometabolism (d) Cogeneration	(OR)	
The state of the s	b) Write an account on the use of entomopathogenic fungi in the biological control of	finsect
	pests.	insect

