18. (a) Explain the algorithmic approach to the operation logic specification.

Or

- (b) How object-orientation contributes to reuse?
- 19. (a) Discuss the general structure of MVC architecture.

Or

- (b) Discuss the design of Relational databases.
- 20. (a) Discuss the software tools for implementation.

Or

(b) Discuss the testing carried out at three levels.

Reg. No. : ....

Code No.: 6444

Sub. Code: C 2 CA

M.Sc. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2011.

Second Semester

Computer Science - Main

Elective – OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

(For those who joined in July 2008 and afterwards)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A —  $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions.

- 1. What are the limitations of object orientation?
- 2. What is meant by data hiding?
- 3. List two advantages of modeling.
- 4. What is the drawback of interview technique of data collection?
- 5. What is a component?
- 6. What is meant by the signature of a method?

- 7. List any two quality criteria for good analysis.
- 8. What is a proxy?
- Give the symbols for Entity object, Control Object and interface object.
- 10. Expand: PERT.

PART B —  $((5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks}))$ 

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

11. (a) What are the problems in client's perspective? Explain.

Or

- (b) Explain the relationship between a sub class and its super class.
- 12. (a) What are the advantages of modeling? Explain.

Or

- (b) What is forking? Give example.
- 13. (a) What is a decision table? Explain its use.

Or

(b) What is a note? Explain.

Page 2 Code No.: 6444

14. (a) What are the advantages of dividing IS in to subsystems?

Or

- (b) Explain the need for referential Integrity.
- 15. (a) What is the purpose of a deployment diagram?

Or

(b) What is object wrapper? What is its use?

PART C —  $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

16. (a) What are the features for computer support for preparing and maintaining diagrams? Explain them.

Or

- (b) What is polymorphism? Explain with example.
- 17. (a) Explain 'aggregation' and 'generalization' with examples.

Or

(b) What is collaboration diagram? Explain.

Page 3 Code No.: 6444