You are required to prepare consolidated balance sheet as on 31.12.2012 showing in detail necessary adjustments and taking into consideration the following information.

- (i) Imperial Co. Ltd acquired the shares of Colonial Co. Ltd on 1.1.2012 when the balance on their profit and loss account and general reserve were Rs. 75,000 and Rs.80,000 respectively.
- (ii) Stock of Rs.1,60,000 held by Colonial Co.Ltd consists of Rs.60,000 goods purchased from Imperial Co. Ltd who has charged profit at 25% on cost.
- 24. (a) Explain the various cost based methods of valuing human resources.

Or

- (b) What is Forensic Accounting? And Explain How its used?
- 25. (a) Explain the main features of accounting for fixed asserts under AS-10.

Or

(b) What activities should be included by companies in their corporate social responsibility?

Page 16 Code No.: 7553

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Code No.: 7553

Sub. Code: WKCM 22

M.Com. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024.

Second Semester

Commerce -Core

CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

(For those who joined in July 2023 onwards)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(15 \times 1 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Premium on issue of shares can be used for
 - (a) Distribution of dividend
 - (b) Writing of capital losses
 - (c) Transferring to General reserve
 - (d) Paying fees to directors

- 2. Gain on sale of fixed assets is shown in the statement of profit and loss as
 - (a) Other income
 - (b) Revenue from operations
 - (c) Any of the above
 - (d) None of the above
- 3. Managerial remuneration is often aligned with:
 - (a) Shareholder interests
 - (b) Employee satisfaction
 - (c) Regulatory requirements
 - (d) None of the above
- 4. A valuation of Balance sheet is prepared by
 - (a) Joint stock company
 - (b) Banking company
 - (c) Life Insurance company
 - (d) General Insurance company
- 5. Insurance business in India is now regulated by the provisions of:
 - (a) The Insurance Act 1938
 - (b) The IRDA Act 1999
 - (c) The Banking Regulations Act 1949
 - (d) The Indian Companies Act 1956.

Page 2 Code No.: 7553

- 6. The company in which more than 50% of shares are held by another company is termed as
 - (a) Holding company
- (b) subsidiary company
- (c) Govt. company
- (d) Public company
- 7. Which party purchases marine insurance for goods being transported?
 - (a) Ship owners
- (b) Cargo owners
- (c) Freight forwarders (d) Port authorities
- 8. The excess of the share in equity or net assets of the subsidiary over and above the price paid for the investment is shown as
 - (a) capital reserve
- (b) cost of control
- (c) revenue reserve
- (d) none of the above.
- 9. Which of the following is NOT a advantage of a holding company structure?
 - (a) Tax advantages
 - (b) Simplified management structure
 - (c) Risk diversification
 - (d) Reduced regulatory requirements

Page 3 Code No.: 7553

- 10. Inflation accounting is also known as
 - (a) Accounting for price level changes
 - (b) Decision Accounting
 - (c) Standard accounting
 - (d) Historical accounting
- 11. Measurement of the value of human resource is based on the
 - (a) stock concept in accounting
 - (b) future profit concept
 - (c) ownership concept of an asset
 - (d) none of these
- 12. What is forensic accounting primarily concerned with?
 - (a) Preparing financial statements
 - (b) Auditing internal controls
 - (c) Investigating financial fraud and misconduct
 - (d) Providing tax advice
- 13. Fixed assets are shown in Balance sheet at
 - (a) Their original cost
 - (b) Original cost less depreciation
 - (c) Cash receipts alone
 - (d) Cash payments alone.

Page 4 Code No.: 7553

- 14. Extraordinary items are dealt in under which accounting standard?
 - (a) AS-5

(b) AS-2

(c) AS-1

- (d) AS-10
- 15. How does accounting for CSR expenditures impact the financial performance of a company?
 - (a) Increases revenue
 - (b) Reduces expenses
 - (c) Has no impact on financial performance
 - (d) Reduces net income

PART B —
$$(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ marks})$$

Answer ALL questions by choosing (a) or (b).

16. (a) MTL ltd invited applications for 20,000 shares of Rs.100 each payable:

Rs.25 on application

Rs. 35 on allotment

Rs. 40 on call

25,000 shares were applied for. The directors accepted applications for 20,000 shares and rejected the remaining applications. All moneys due were fully received. Give journal entries and show the balance sheet of the company.

Or

Page 5 Code No. : 7553

(b) Determine the maximum remuneration payable to the part time director and manager of B Ltd, (a manufacturing company) under section 309 and 387 of the Companies Act, 1956 from the following particulars:

Before charging any such remuneration, the Profit and Loss Account showed a credit balance of Rs.23,10,000 for the year ended 31st March 1987 after taking into account for the following matters:

		Rs.
(i)	Capital Expenditure	5,25,000
(ii)	Subsidy received from Government	4,20,000
(iii)	Special Depreciation	70,000
(iv)	Multiple shift allowance	1,05,000
(v)	Bonus to foreign technicians	3,15,000
(vi)	Provision for taxation	28,00,000
(vii)	Compensation paid to injured workman	70,000
(viii)	Ex-gratia to an employee	35,000
(ix)	Loss on sale of fixed assets	70,000
(x)	Profit on sale of investment	2,10,000
	pany is providing depreciation 350 of the Companies Act 19	

Page 6 Code No.: 7553

17. (a) The life assurance fund of an Insurance company on 31.3.2016 showed a balance of Rs.87,76,500. It was found later that the following were not taken into account:

Rs.
4,80,000
48,000
8,77,000
4,23,000
7,62,000

Or

(b) Bharath life Assurance company gets its valuation made once in every two years. Its life assurance fund on 31.3.17 stood at Rs.45,65,000 before providing for Rs.45,000 being the shareholders dividend for 2016-2017. Its actuarial valuation on 31.3.2017 disclosed a net liability of Rs. 32,20,000. An interim bonus of Rs. 80,000 was paid to the policyholders during the previous two years.

Prepare a statement showing the amount now available as bonus to policy holders.

Page 7 Code No.: 7553

18. (a) X ltd purchased 60 % shares of Y ltd on 1.1.20 when the balance on their profit and loss account and General reserve were Rs.1,50,000 and Rs.1,60,000 respectively. On 31.12.20, the balance sheet of Y ltd showed Profit and Loss Account balance of Rs.4,00,000 and General reserve Rs.3,00,000. Calculate capital profits and revenue profits.

Or

(b) Calculate minority interest from the Balance sheet of Mumbai Ltd.

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Liabilities	ns.	Assets	ns.
Share Capital: 7,00,000 shares of Rs.2 each	14,00,000	Sundry Assets	10,00,000
General reserve as on 1-1-17	6,00,000	Other assets	1,50,000
Creditors	3,00,000	Investments (80% of shares)	6,50,000
Profit and Loss account as on 31.12.17	2,00,000	Plant and machinery	7,00,000
	25,00,000		25,00,000

Madras ltd acquired 80% of the shares at Rs.6,50,000.

Page 8 Code No.: 7553

19. (a) The following information is given to you regarding X ltd for the financial year ended 31.3.2017.

1.4.2016 31.3.2017
(Rs.) (Rs.)

Monetary Assets 80,000 80,000

Monetary liabilities 1,00,000 1,00,000

Retail price index 200 300

Ascertain gain or loss on monetary items.

Or

- (b) Why do we need social responsibility accounting?
- 20. (a) Jeevan ltd earned a net profit after tax of Rs.90,00,000 during the year ended 31.3.2006.

The company's equity capital is 10,000 shares of Rs.10 each

The company's has also issued 5,000 20% convertible debentures of Rs.20 each convertible into shares at par.

Compute Basic EPS and Diluted EPS as per AS -20 assuming Income tax Rate at 30%.

Or

(b) Explain the objectives of financial reporting.

Page 9 Code No.: 7553

PART C — $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions by choosing (a) or (b).

21. (a) A ltd issued 10,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each payable as under:

Rs.2 on application

Rs. 5 on allotment

Rs.3 on first and final call

The public applied for 8,000 shares which are allotted. All the money due on shares was received except the first and final call on 100 shares. These shares were forfeited and reissued at Rs.8 per share. Show the journal entries in the books of the company.

Or

(b) Prepare a Balance sheet as at 31st March 2000 from the following information of ABC ltd as required under the companies Act 1956:

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Term loan	10,00,000	Loss for the year	3,58,000
Creditors	11,45,000	Sundry debtors	12,25,000
Advances	3,72,000	Loan from directors	2,00,000

Page 10

Code No.: 7553

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Cash and Bank balances	2,75,000	Provision for doubtful debts	20,200
Staff advances	55,000	stock	4,00,000
Provision for tax	1,70,000	Fixed assets (W.D.V)	51,50,000
Securities premium	4,75,000	Finished goods	7,50,000
Loose tools	50,000		
Investments	2,25,200		
General reserve	20,50,000		
Capital work in progress	2,00,000		

Additional Information:

- (i) Share capital consist of
 - (1) 30,000 equity shares of Rs.100 each fully paid up
 - (2) 10,000 10% Pref. shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid up
- (ii) Term loan is secured
- (iii) Depreciation on assets: Rs.5,00,000

Page 11 Code No.: 7553

(a) From the following particulars, prepare the fire revenue account for 2016-17.

	Rs.in 000
Claims paid	235
Legal expenses regarding claims	5
Premium received	600
Reinsurance premium	60
Commission	100
Expenses for management	150
Provision against unexpired	
risk on 1.4.2016	260
Claims unpaid on 1.4.2016	20
Claims unpaid on 31.3.2017	35

Or

Code No.: 7553 Page 12

(b) The following figures relate to Life Insurance corporation for the year ended 31.3.2017. Prepare the Revenue Account.

Particulars	Rs. '000	Particulars	Rs. '000
Claims	39	Consideration for annuities granted	16.5
Management Expenses	14	Surrenders	6
Director's fees	4	Premium received	151
Audit fees	3	Life fund (1.4.16)	1150
Medical expenses	.5	Interest received	40
Agents' commission	n 5	Rent received	10
Depreciation	4	Claims cancelled	.5
Bonus in reduction of premium	1.5	Annuities	1.5

- Premium outstanding Rs. 9 thousand
- Claims outstanding Rs.3 thousand

Code No.: 7553 Page 13

23. (a) From the Balance sheets given below prepare consolidated Balance sheet.

Balance sheets as at 31st December 2021

Du	ittice ou	JOU CO C	to or become		
Liabilities	H Ltd	S Ltd	Assets	H Ltd	S Ltd
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Shares of Rs.10 each	5,00,000	1,00,000	Fixed assets	4,00,000	60,000
Profit and loss account	2,00,000	60,000	Stock	3,00,000	1,20,000
Reserves	60,000	30,000	Debtors	75,000	85,000
Bills payable		15,000	Bills receivable	20,000	_
Creditors	1,10,000	60,000	Shares in S Ltd 7,500 at cost	75,000	-
	8,70,000	2,65,000		8,70,000	2,65,000
					Commence of the Commence of th

Other information:

- The bills accepted by S ltd are all in favour of H Ltd
- (ii) The stock of H ltd includes Rs.25,000 bought from S ltd at a profit to latter of 20% on sales.
- (iii) All the profits of S ltd has been earned since the shares were acquired by H Ltd, but there was already the reserve of Rs.30,000 at that date.

Or

Code No.: 7553 Page 14

(b) The following are the summarised Balance sheets of Imperial Co. Ltd and Colonial Co. Ltd as on 31st December 2012.

Liabilities	Imperial	Colonial	Assets	Imperial	Colonial	
Zanto in the contract of the c	Co.Ltd	Co.Ltd		Co.Ltd	Co.Ltd	
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	
Paid up	10,00,000	3,00,000	Freehold premises	4,50,000	1,20,000	
shares of Rs.10 each						
General reserve	4,00,000	1,25,000	Plant and Machinery	3,50,000	1,60,000	
Profit and	3,00,000	1,75,000	Furniture	80,000	30,000	
Loss Account						
Sundry	1,00,000	70,000	Debtors	3,00,000	1,70,000	
creditors			Stock	3,20,000	1,60,000	
			Investment in 20,000 shares in	2,60,000	_	
			colonial co ltd at			
			Cash balance	40,000	30,000	
	18,00,000	6,70,000		18,00,000	6,70,000	
		-				

Code No.: 7553 Page 15